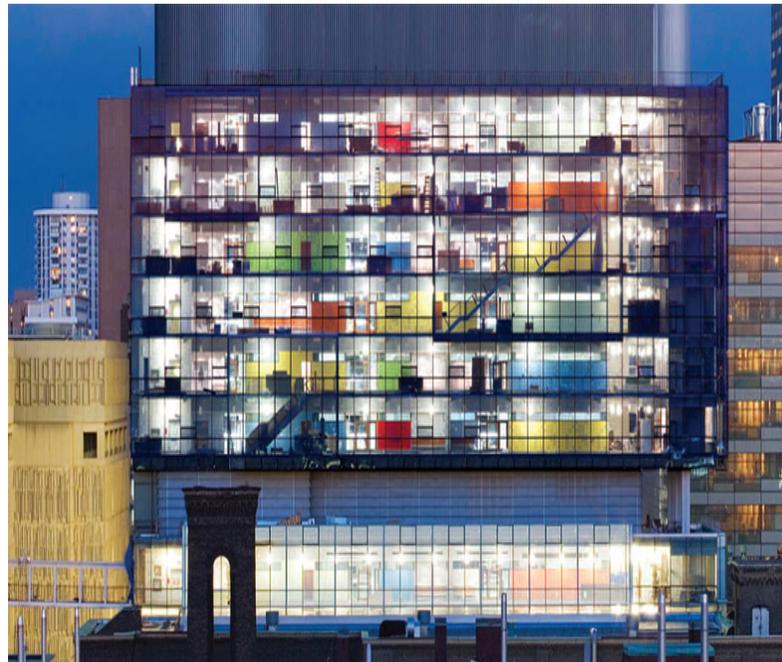


# COVID-19 Therapeutic Development in Real Time Roadblocks and Opportunities

Sachdev Sidhu  
Toronto Recombinant Antibody Centre  
The Donnelly Centre  
University of Toronto



# TRAC Mission Statement

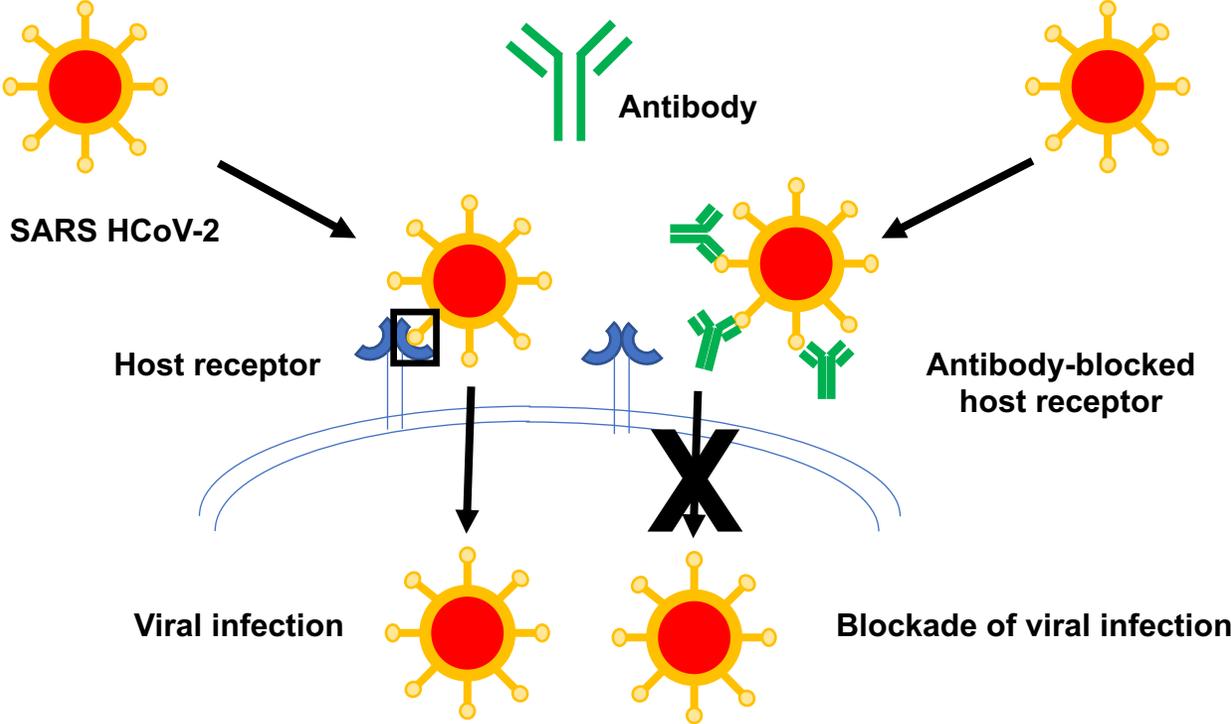
MWA: Medicine with Attitude

You got to use what you got to get what you want

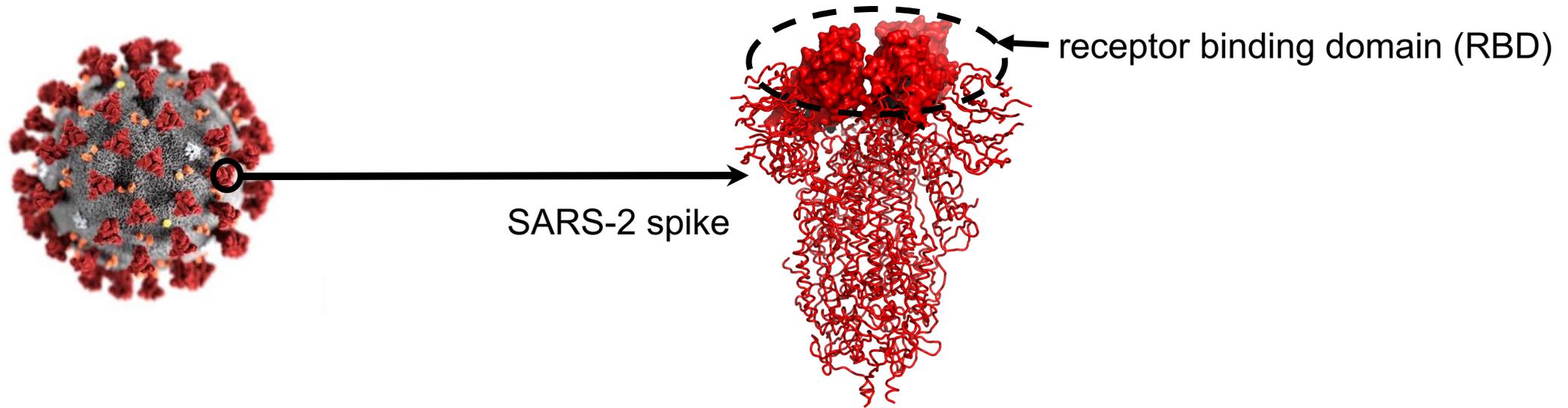
*James Brown*



# COVID-19 and the Immune System

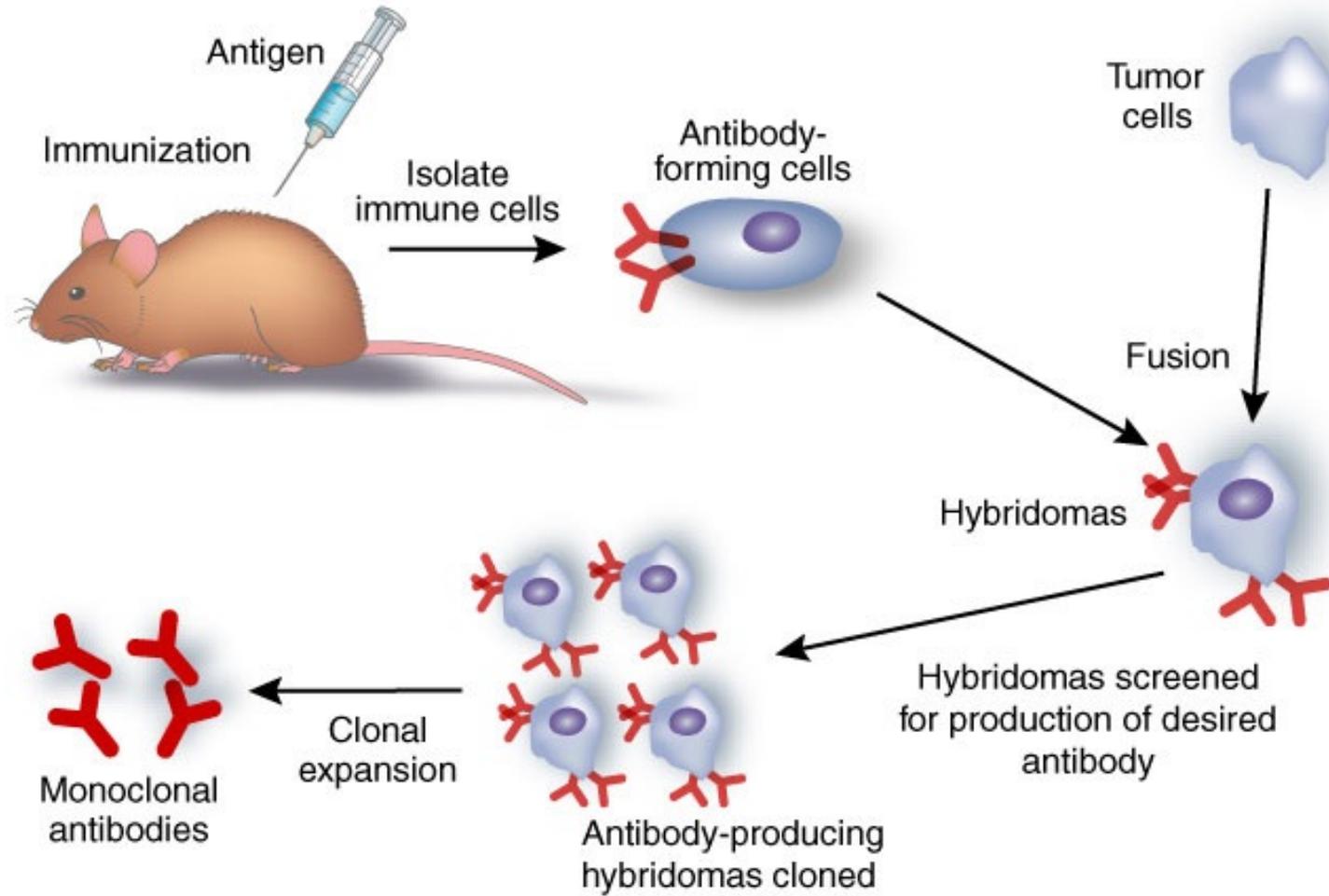


# COVID-19 virus SARS-2: Spike infection protein

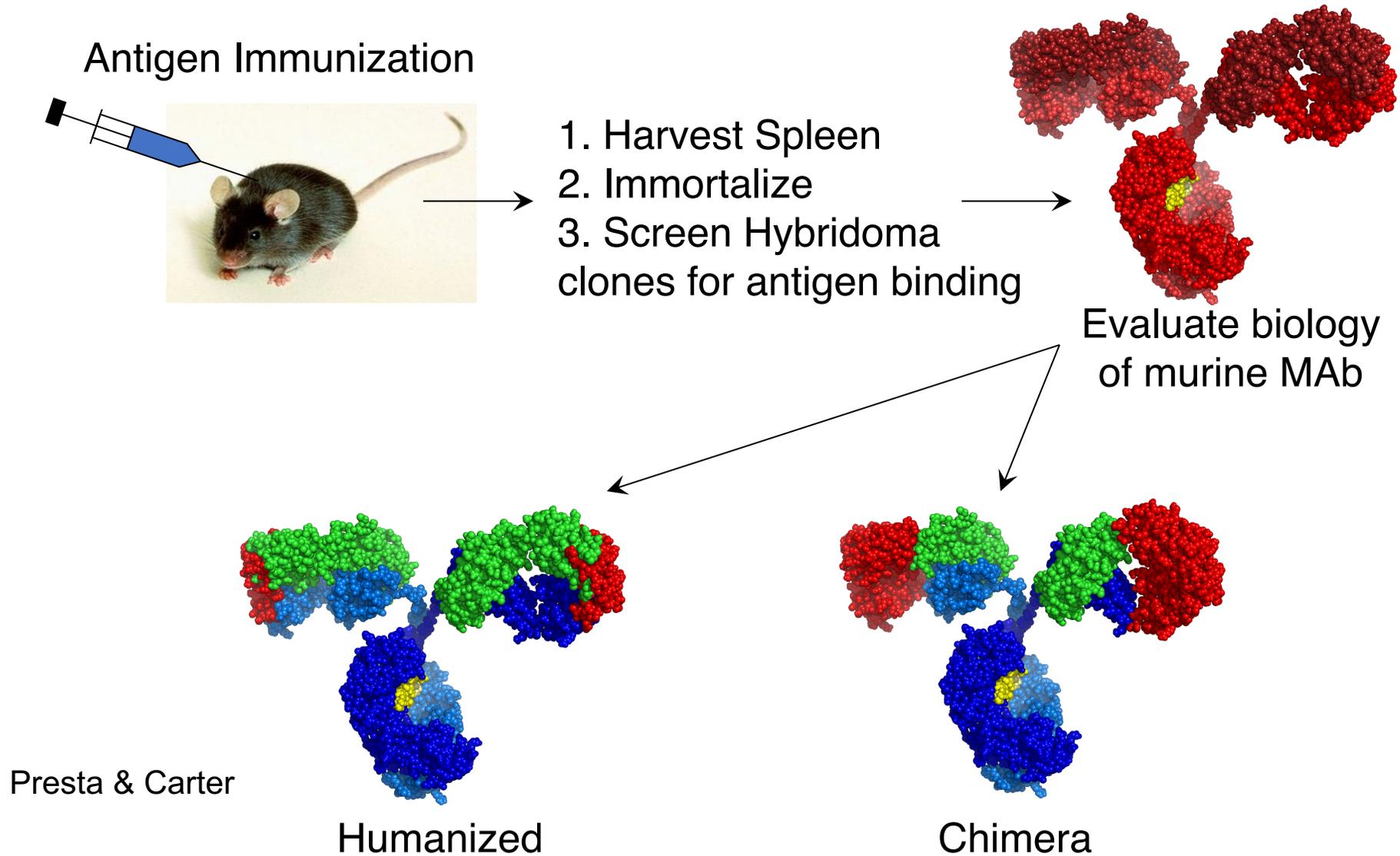


- SARS-2 is nearly identical to SARS-1 (80%)
- Spike protein mediates host recognition and entry (infection)
- RBD recognizes host receptor ACE2
- Most natural SARS-1 neutralizing antibodies bind to the RBD and compete for binding with ACE2
- **Develop synthetic antibodies that bind SARS-2 RBD and compete for binding with ACE2**
- **THESE ARE PRIME CANDIDATES FOR BIOLOGIC THERAPEUTICS FOR COVID19**

# Natural Antibodies

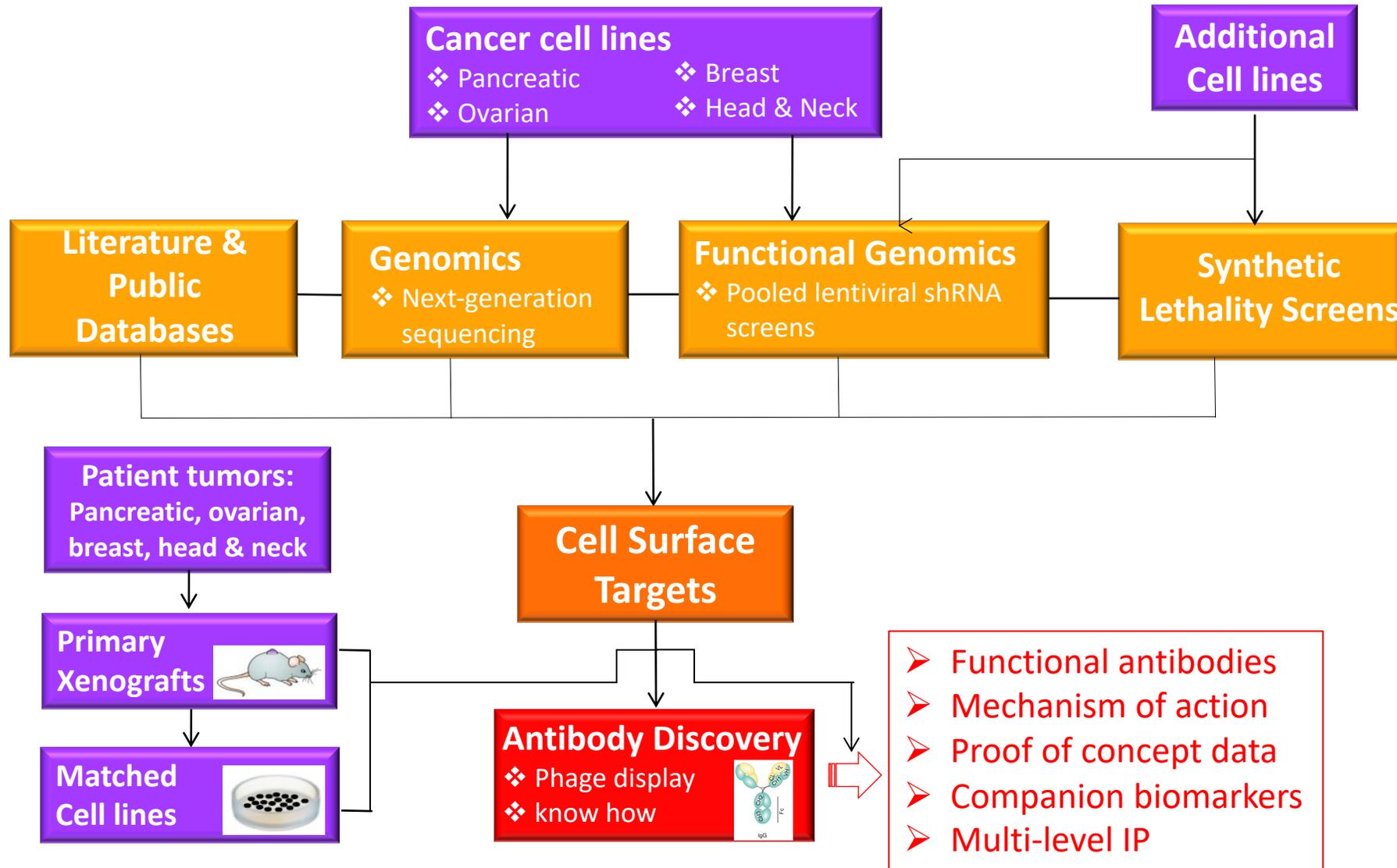


# Therapeutic mAb Generation



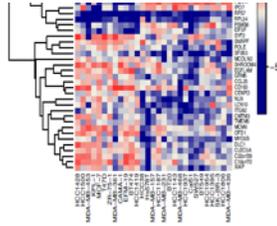


# Integrated Discovery Platform: From Targets to Functional Antibodies

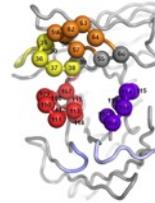


# The Therapeutic Antibody War Chest

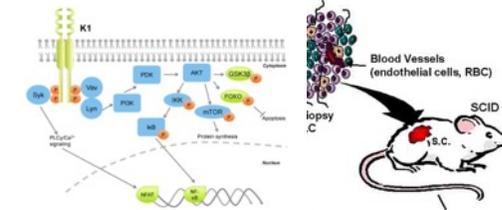
## Functional genomics platform



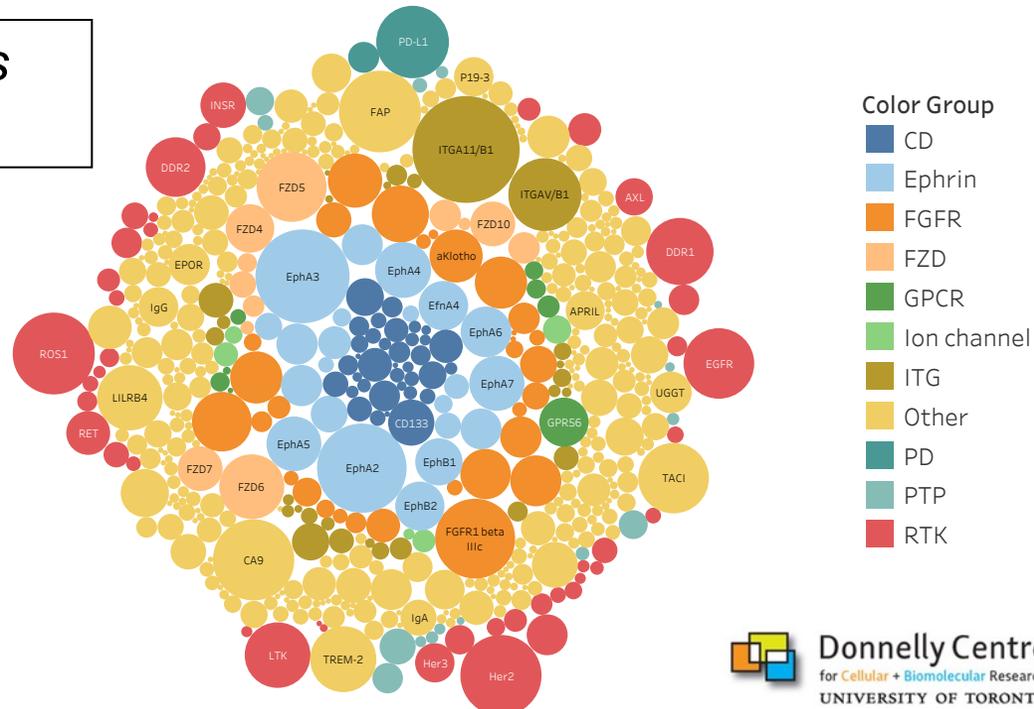
## Large-scale, industry-quality antibody generation



## Preclinical biology in relevant models



>14,000 Antibodies  
>1,300 Antigens



# Key Questions

- Can we apply the TRAC pipeline to COVID-19?

- **YES WE CAN**

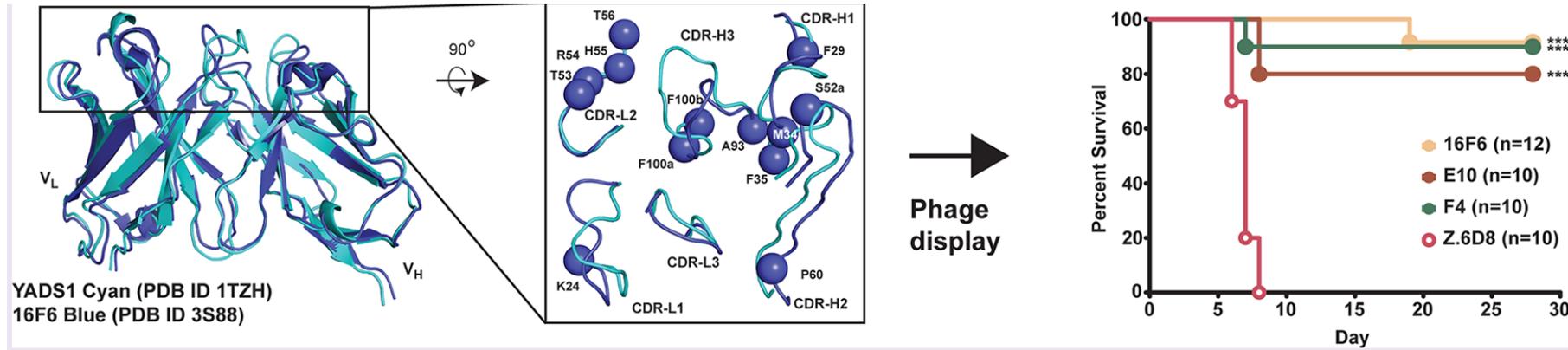
- How quickly can we go from idea to drug?

- **PRETTY DAMN QUICK**



# Validated Antibody Platform for Anti-Virals

## Synthetic Antibodies with a Human Framework That Protect Mice from Lethal Sudan Ebolavirus Challenge



*Sidhu and colleagues: [dx.doi.org/10.1021/cb5006454](https://doi.org/10.1021/cb5006454) | ACS Chem. Biol., 2014*

- Similar to SARS-CoV-1/2, Ebola has an acute life cycle
- Developed humanized Abs to key epitope on Ebola virus
- Treatment with single Ab protected virtually all mice from Ebola challenge
- Surviving mice proved resistant to subsequent Ebola challenge
- Ab cleared initial Ebola challenge *and* enabled host immune system to develop natural resistance

# Synthetic Neutralizing Antibodies – Proven Stability and Efficacy -Rapid Development and Scalable Cost-effective Production

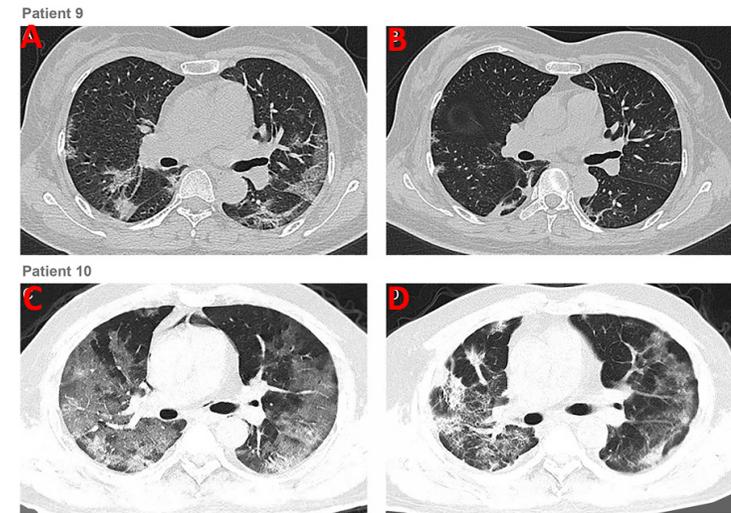
## Effectiveness of convalescent plasma therapy in severe COVID-19 patients

Kai Duan<sup>a,b,1</sup>, Bende Liu<sup>c,1</sup>, Cesheng Li<sup>d,1</sup>, Huajun Zhang<sup>e,1</sup>, Ting Yu<sup>f,1</sup>, Jieming Qu<sup>g,h,i,1</sup>, Min Zhou<sup>g,h,i,1</sup>, Li Chen<sup>j,1</sup>, Shengli Meng<sup>b</sup>, Yong Hu<sup>d</sup>, Cheng Peng<sup>e</sup>, Mingchao Yuan<sup>k</sup>, Jinyan Huang<sup>l</sup>, Zejun Wang<sup>b</sup>, Jianhong Yu<sup>d</sup>, Xiaoxiao Gao<sup>e</sup>, Dan Wang<sup>k</sup>, Xiaoqi Yu<sup>m</sup>, Li Li<sup>b</sup>, Jiayou Zhang<sup>b</sup>, Xiao Wu<sup>d</sup>, Bei Li<sup>e</sup>, Yanping Xu<sup>g,h,i</sup>, Wei Chen<sup>b</sup>, Yan Peng<sup>d</sup>, Yeqin Hu<sup>b</sup>, Lianzhen Lin<sup>d</sup>, Xuefei Liu<sup>g,h,i</sup>, Shihe Huang<sup>b</sup>, Zhijun Zhou<sup>d</sup>, Lianghao Zhang<sup>b</sup>, Yue Wang<sup>d</sup>, Zhi Zhang<sup>b</sup>, Kun Deng<sup>d</sup>, Zhiwu Xia<sup>b</sup>, Qin Gong<sup>d</sup>, Wei Zhang<sup>d</sup>, Xiaobei Zheng<sup>d</sup>, Ying Liu<sup>d</sup>, Huichuan Yang<sup>a</sup>, Dongbo Zhou<sup>a</sup>, Ding Yu<sup>a</sup>, Jifeng Hou<sup>n</sup>, Zhengli Shi<sup>e</sup>, Saijuan Chen<sup>l</sup>, Zhu Chen<sup>l,2</sup>, Xinxin Zhang<sup>m,2</sup>, and Xiaoming Yang<sup>a,b,2</sup>

[www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.2004168117](http://www.pnas.org/cgi/doi/10.1073/pnas.2004168117), March 2020

## FDA Approved a Clinical Trial for Convalescent Plasma Therapy (CPT)

- Patients exhibited strong positive responses within days
- Success of CPT validates neutralizing Abs as effective therapy for COVID19
- Next-generation therapy should be a recombinant neutralizing Ab
- Recombinant Ab will enhance efficacy while obviating limits of CPT
  - Defined and consistent formulation and activity
  - Highly stable single agent optimized for neutralization
  - High purity guarantees high safety compared with undefined plasma



Chest CTs of two patients. (A) Chest CT of patient 9 obtained on February 9 (7 dpi) before CP transfusion (10 dpi) showed ground-glass opacity with uneven density involving the multilobar segments of both lungs. The heart shadow outline was not clear. The lesion was close to the pleura. (B) CT Image of patient 9 taken on February 15 (13 dpi) showed the absorption of bilateral ground-glass opacity after CP transfusion. (C) Chest CT of patient 10 was obtained on February 8 (19 dpi) before CP transfusion (20 dpi). The brightness of both lungs was diffusely decreased, and multiple shadows of high density in both lungs were observed. (D) Chest CT of patient 10 on February 18 (29 dpi) showed those lesions improved after CP transfusion

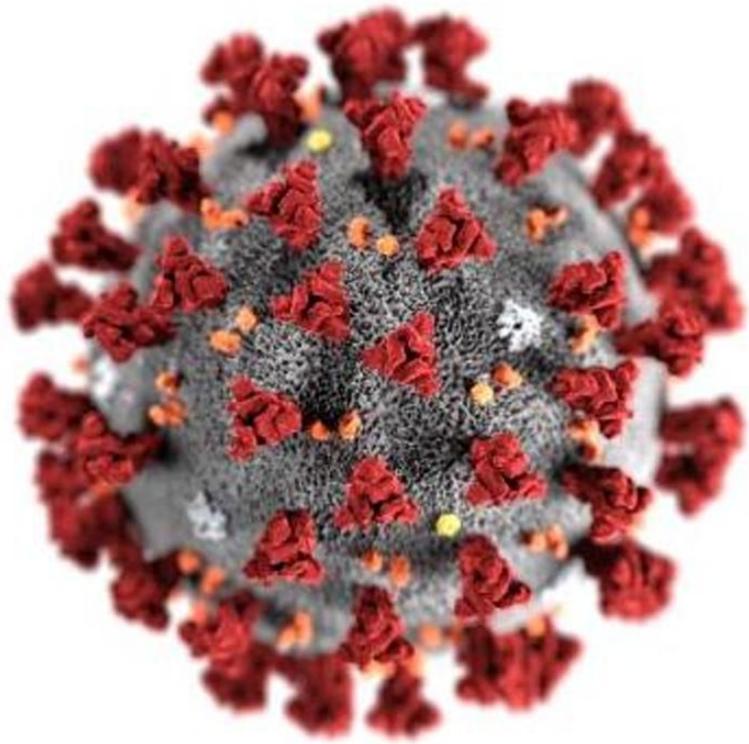
# Project Timeline

Parameter	Method	Numbers	Timeline
Pooled selections	Phage display	>10 <sup>10</sup>	3/24 – 3/29
Binding screen	Phage ELISA	384	3/30
Host receptor blocking screen	Phage ELISA	358	3/30
IgG production	Mammalian cell expression	66	3/31 – 4/11
Identification of unique IgGs	DNA sequencing	>50	4/8
IgG binding to virus	ELISA	~50	4/12
Receptor blocking confirmation	ELISA	~25	4/12
Affinity	Quantitative virus binding	~15 (sub-nanomolar)	4/13
Biophysical characteristics	Yield, solubility, heterogeneity	3-4 (top leads)	4/13
<i>In vitro</i> virus neutralization	<i>In vitro</i> cell assay	2	4/30
<i>In vivo</i> virus neutralization	Human trials	1	7/1

# Institutions: Roadblocks and Opportunities

Institution	Roadblock	Opportunity
Finance	Greed	Investment
Government	Politics	Mobilization
Academics	Bureaucracy	Clarity
Science	Conservatism	Innovation
Humanity	Nationalism	Globalism

# Questions



# Answers

